
Step 0. What is MPU6050?

The MPU 6050 is the world's first integrated 6-axis MotionTracking device that combines a 3-axis gyroscope, 3-axis accelerometer, and a Digital Motion Processor™ (DMP) all in a small 4x4x0.9mm package. With its dedicated I2C sensor bus, it can directly accept inputs from an external 3-axis compass to provide a complete 9-axis MotionFusion™ output.

In short: I2C accelerometer and gyroscope.

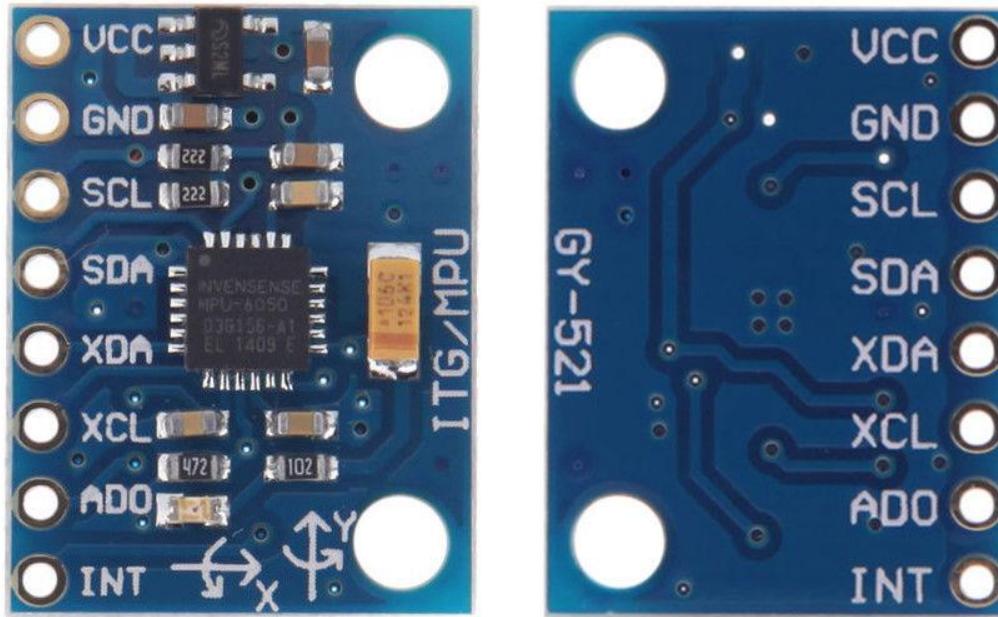
Product Specification:

<https://www.invensense.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/MPU-6000-Datasheet1.pdf>

Register Map and Descriptions

<https://invensense.tdk.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/MPU-6000-Register-Map1.pdf>

Board GY-521 with MPU6050 (<https://playground.arduino.cc/Main/MPU-6050>):



Documentation

GY-521 board general information

<https://artofcircuits.com/product/6dof-gy-521-mpu6050-3-axis-gyro-and-3-axis-accelerometer>

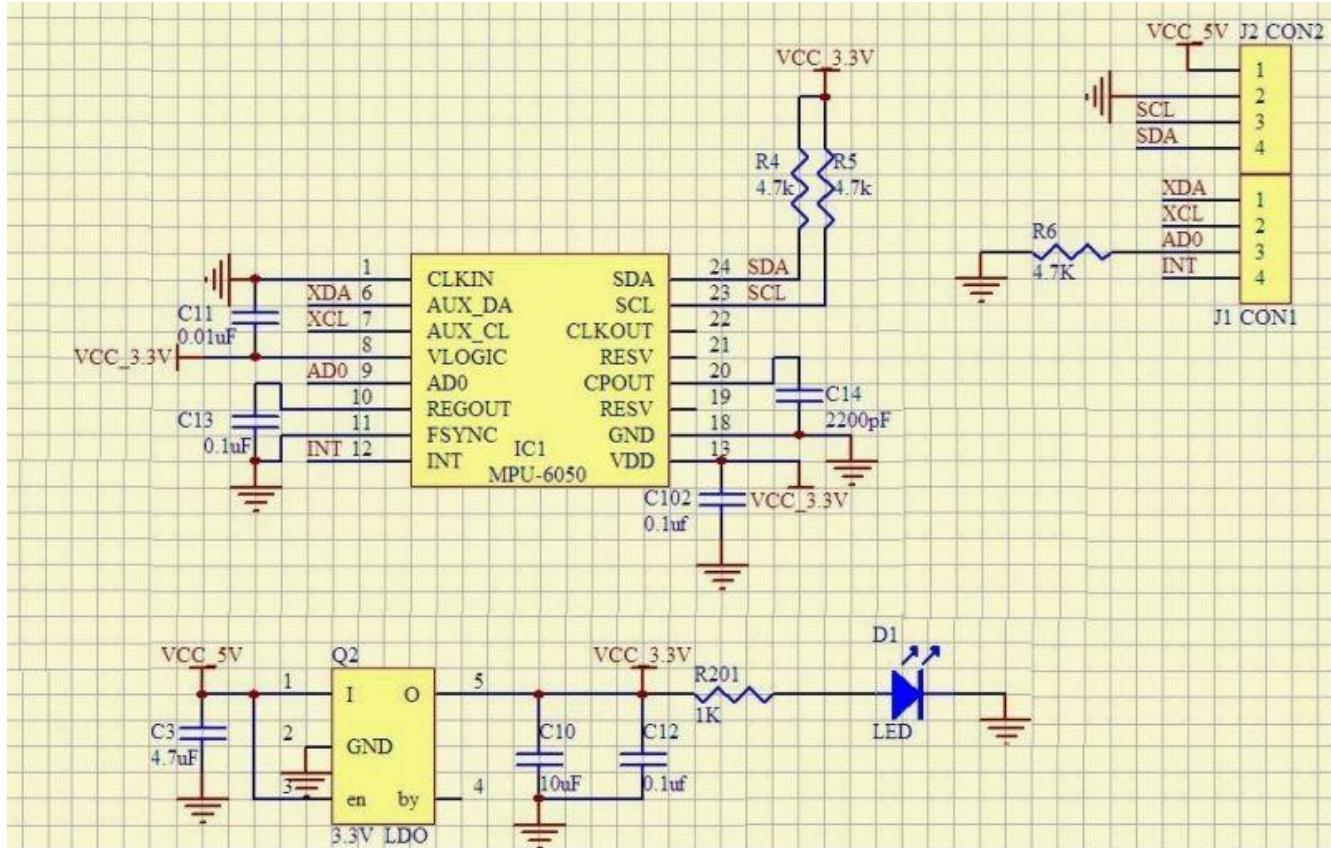
Tutorial about gpio programming

<http://derekmolloy.ie/kernel-gpio-programming-buttons-and-leds/>

Register map in compact format with links

<https://www.i2cdevlib.com/devices/mpu6050#registers>

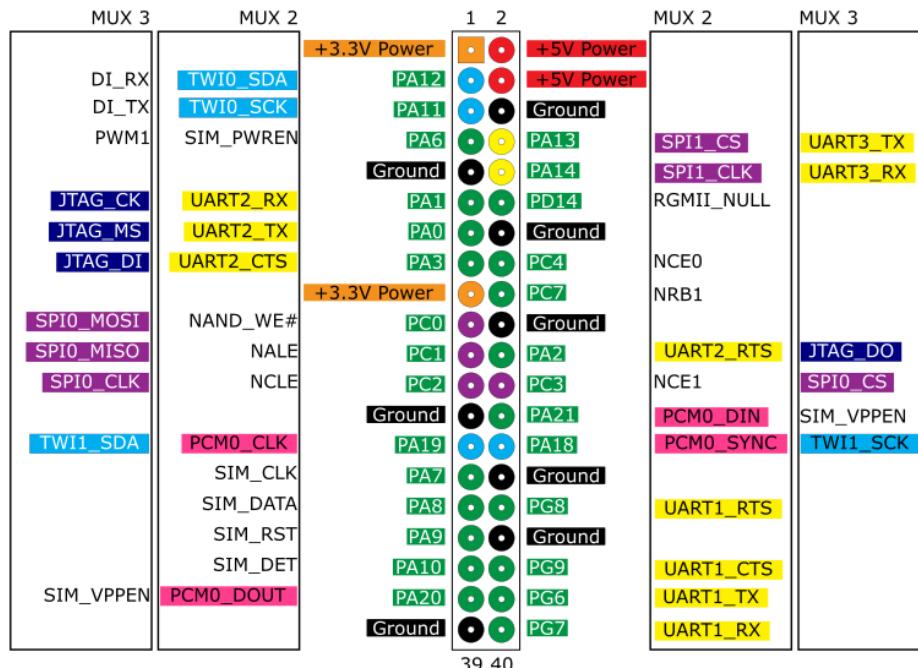
GY-521 board schematic



Connection to OrangePI One

GY-521	VCC	<- +5V Power
	GND	<- Ground
	SCL	<- TWI0_SCK
	SDA	<-> TWI0_SDA
	XDA	<-> n/c
	XCL	-> n/c
	AD0	<- Ground
	INT	-> PA6

Orange Pi (H3 SoC) GPIO - pinout



NOTE: GPIO voltage levels are 3.3V.

■ JTAG ■ I2C ■ SPI ■ +5V ■ GPIO ■ UART ■ +3.3V ■ Ground ■ I2S/PCM

Detect device

- \$ sudo apt-get install i2c-tools

- \$ i2cdetect -y 1

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f
00: -----
10: -----
20: -----
30: -----
40: -----
50: -----
60: ----- 68 -----
70: -----
```

Reading WHO_AM_I register

- I2C Bus address: 1
- Device address: 0x68
- Register WHO_AM_I address: 0x75 (117 dec)
- `$ sudo i2cget -y 1 0x68 0x75`
- Return: 0x68

Power on

- i2cset -y 1 0x68 0x6B 0x01

<https://openest.io/en/2020/01/21/mpu6050-accelerometer-on-raspberry-pi/>

Reading Temperature registers

- Register TEMP_OUT_H address: 0x41 (65)
 - Register TEMP_OUT_L address: 0x42 (66)
 - \$ i2cget -y 1 0x68 0x41 w
 - Return: TEMP_OUT (Signed 16-bit Register Value)
 - Conversion to degrees C:
$$t = \text{TEMP_OUT} / 340 + 36.53$$
-